Dover, Del., and Brooklyn, N. Y. He was prominent in Masonic circles.

C. Louis Dohme, one of the founders of Sharp & Dohme, died in Boston. Since his retirement Mr. Dohme has resided in Atlantic Beach, Fla. He is survived by his widow and three children.

Thomas A. Buckland, former city chemist of

St. Louis and for a number of years president of St. Louis College of Pharmacy, died October 13th, aged 71 years. His widow survives the deceased.

Dr. Edward Starr Judd died November 30th, in Chicago, of pneumonia, aged 57 years. He was chief of the Mayo surgical staff. Dr. Judd held that society would be helped if the people were educated along medical lines.

SOCIETIES AND COLLEGES.

DRUG TRADE CONFERENCE TO MEET DECEMBER 6TH.

The National Drug Trade Conference will hold its annual meeting here December 6th, in the Washington Hotel. In addition to the regular committee reports, the conference will discuss the pending Federal food and drug bill, proposals to continue the NRA idea, State fair trade laws and other legislative proposals.—Oil, Paint and Drug Reporter.

ASSOCIATION OF OFFICIAL AGRICUL-TURAL CHEMISTS.

The Association of Official Agricultural Chemists held its fifty-first annual meeting in Washington during the week of November 11th. The Wiley memorial address was delivered by Dr. W. H. MacIntire of the University of Tennessee.

About twenty-five methods were dropped from the A. O. A. C. book because the methods appear in the forthcoming U. S. P. or N. F. The following officers were elected:

President, H. H. Hanson, State Board of Agriculture, Dover, Del.; Vice-President, C. C. McDonnell, Washington; Secretary-Treasurer, W. W. Skinner, U. S. Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, Washington; additional members of the Executive Committee, H. R. Kraybill, La Fayette, Ind.; W. S. Frisbie, Washington; C. L. Hare, Auburn, Ala., and the retiring president, F. E. Blanck, Washington.

IDAHO PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

Idaho State Pharmaceutical Association issues bulletins and a suggestion from that of No. 15 is that they are sending information to pharmacists of the state of important publicity. In this way the druggists of Idaho are kept in touch with important legislation and other matters.

Another activity is the issuance of prizes to young men for competitive papers. The prize winner announced in the bulletin for November 15th, presented the subject, "What Is Wrong with the Drug Business?"

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION.

The District of Columbia Pharmaceutical Association will meet at Raleigh Hotel December 10th. A report will be made on legislative matter; among the subjects will be the consideration of minimum equipment, barbituric acid regulations, a uniform narcotic law.

The pharmacists of the District of Columbia have taken active part in accident prevention. Frequently pharmacists are called upon to render first aid to persons injured in automobile accidents and gain first-hand information relative to accidents.

OFFICERS ARIZONA PHARMACEUTI-CAL ASSOCIATION.

Arizona Pharmaceutical Association at the annual meeting held in Tucson elected the following officers:

President, Fred W. Moore, Flagstaff; First Vice-President, Andrew Martin, Tucson; Second Vice-President, N. W. Stewart, Phoenix; Treasurer, A. M. Burch, Phoenix; Executive Committee: L. R. Johnson, Tucson; J. B. McDonald, Jerome; J. B. Ryan, Globe; H. W. Vestal, Somerton; W. C. Denson, Mesa; Executive Secretary, Lawrence Evans.

A NEW APPROACH TO LEGALIZED FAIR TRADE.

Drug Topics is asked by Dr. Robert L. Swain, chairman of the N. A. R. D. Committee on National and State Fair Trade Legislation, to emphasize that the proposed "National Fair Trade Enabling Act," published in Drug Topics

for October 28th, while "correct as to principle is only tentative as to phrasing." Between now and January when Senator Tydings of Maryland will present the prosposal on the opening day of Congress, the measure is to be subjected to intensive study and this may lead to slight changes in phraseology.

CODE FUNDS GO TO PHARMACY BOARD.

Retail druggists in the First Congressional district of Oregon, recently voted to give the funds, still in the hands of the Code Authority of that district, to the Oregon Board of Pharmacy, to assist in enforcement of the pharmacy laws. The amount is approximately \$200.00. A ruling by the attorney-general authorizes the board to accept such funds. Stanley Stevenson, of Eugene, was chairman of the Code Authority for that district.

PROTECT RIGHT TO EXIST.

Senator Millard Tydings in his address before the N. A. R. D., in Cincinnati, said:

"The problems of the retail druggist, are first, the general problems of the country, and second, his individual problem. Naturally the druggist cannot prosper unless the whole country prospers, and, therefore, while naturally we think first of our immediate business we should not lose sight of the larger aspect of the matter for it is the paramount foundation upon which trade revival and business recovery must be built. More intimately, however, the retail druggist is facing a desperate battle as he sees loss leader selling activities threatening more and more his very existence. By sensibly and soundly marshalling your forces, measures can be enacted which will at least minimize the dangers from this source and I know you shall evolve the solution and eventually by your seasoned effort accomplish the results desired. However, let me close with an appeal to you as citizens of this great nation to more and more lift your eyes beyond the problems of your immediate business to that of the country as a whole, for from the country as a whole come your customers who cannot buy unless they are employed, who cannot be employed unless there is a demand for their goods, and so, therefore, even with your own business problem solved, your business cannot go ahead except the country goes ahead."

ANNUAL REPORT ON DRUG CONTROL WORK.

Dr. W. G. Campbell, Chief of the Food and

Drug Administration, has rendered the annual report of the Food and Drug Administration, of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935. He states that the ether supply is much better and ampuls make a greater showing; out of ninety-six samples submitted for biological assay of imported crude drugs, six were held out of 431 samples of domestic drug preparations; thirty-two required action.

GORGAS MEMORIAL INSTITUTE.

Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson was reëlected chairman of the Gorgas Memorial Institute of Tropical and Preventive Medicine at the annual election, November 13th. Other officers were also reëlected.

Report was made on certain experiments started about six years ago on the control of malaria in Panama. The experiments include treatment with medicinal substances.

INTERNATIONAL SERUM CENTER IS ESTABLISHED.

The Royal Danish Serum Institute at Copenhagen will become a sort of international clearing house for serums used in treating or preventing disease, as a result of action taken by the Eleventh Congress of Biological Standardization held in connection with the League of Nations Hygiene Congress.

The Danish Institute has been appointed the international center for preparation and standardization of serum for such diseases as dysentery, lockjaw, diptheria, pneumonia and wound fever. London will similarly become the international center for vitamins, insulin and the sex hormones.

International standards for the preparation and composition of twenty-five of the medicaments to be distributed from Copenhagen and London have been agreed on by the Congress.

—Science News Letter.

TRAFFIC IN OPIUM AND OTHER NARCOTICS.

The U. S. Treasury Department has issued the annual report, ending December 1934, on traffic in opium and other dangerous drugs. It is pleasing to note that the percentage of violations by druggists is comparatively small. The greater number of violations by far are those by illegitimate dealers and distributers. Care is evidenced by legitimate dealers in all activities.

W. Bruce Philip, in his bulletin of October 28th, admonishes druggists that Fair Trade

legislation faces a critical period and all associations and druggists should contribute efforts to bring this new legislation into Congress. It will be helpful if the individual in discussing such legislation will get the viewpoint of the Congressmen, so that if there are points which should be corrected, discussion by those who are studying the legislation can meet the objections.

HISTORY REPEATS IN AMERICAN MEDICAL EDUCATION.

The Journal of the A. M. A., for September 21st, comments that the factors which brought about unsatisfactory conditions are again at work, as a result of dependence on tuition fees. The tendency has been receiving attention of the Council and it is suggested that educators, state boards of examination, physicians and public authorities may well also give it their consideration. Statistics given in the comment are quoted in part.

"Thirty years ago there were in the United States 160 medical schools with an enrollment of 26,147. Ten years later, as a result of the investigation of the Council on Medical Education and of the publicity afforded by the Carnegie Foundation, for the Advancement of Teaching, the number of schools had been reduced to ninety-six and the enrollment to 14,891. Shortly after 1918, when the war ended, there was manifested a tendency to increase; in 1925 the number of students was 18,200. During the academic year just closed it was 22,888. We have returned nearly to

the place where we were when the Council was created. True, the number of schools has not increased with the growing enrollments of recent years...."

THE NATIONAL FORMULARY, SIXTH EDITION.

The AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION announces that its Council has officially approved December 16, 1935, as the date when the new N. F. VI will be released for sale in all parts of the country, and has also approved June 1, 1936, as the date when the N. F. VI will become official and will supersede the N. F. V.

As previously announced, the N. F. VI will be distributed for the Association by the Mack Printing Company of Easton, Penna.

The new National Formulary represents a complete and thorough revision of N. F. V. Admissions and deletions are based on information obtained in the U. S. P.-N. F. Prescription Ingredient Survey. This survey was made to determine the materials prescribed and the extent of their use throughout the country. The N. F. VI, therefore, supplements the scope of the Pharmacopæia and supplies additional information on simples, formulas, diagnostic reagents and standards required by the pharmacist in the practice of his profession.

Of the 689 monographs in the N. F. VI, 208 are Drug or Chemical Monographs and 481 are Monographs of Pharmaceutical Preparations. The more important additions have been in the monographs for ampuls, tablets, fluidextracts, syrups, tinctures and ointments.

LEGAL AND LEGISLATIVE.

OHIO STATE UNIFORM NARCOTIC DRUG ACT.

Secretary M. N. Ford of the Ohio Board of Pharmacy is sending out information on the new State Uniform Narcotic Drug Act, which became effective September 6, 1935. In most respects, the compliance with the Federal Narcotic Act, will meet the requirements of the new State Act.

The Board has ruled that only those who desire to cultivate or grow Opium, Coca Leaves, Cannabis or other narcotic drugs, need to register and obtain a license as required under Section 12672-2. No license will be granted any applicant until and after an investigation has been made and the application approved.

The Board also ruled that Article 7, under Section 12672-16, does not prohibit the sale of Hypodermic Syringes or Hypodermic Needles.

Section 12672-8, Article 5, provides manufacturers and wholesalers of Cannabis Indica or Cannabis Sativa shall be required to render with every sale of Cannabis Indica or Cannabis Sativa an invoice, whether such sale be for cash or credit, and such invoice shall contain the date of such sale, the name and address of the purchaser and the amount so sold. Every purchaser of Cannabis Indica or Cannabis Sativa, from a wholesaler or manufacturer, shall be required to keep the invoice rendered with such purchase, for a period of two years.

Section 12672-5, Article 1, provides in part